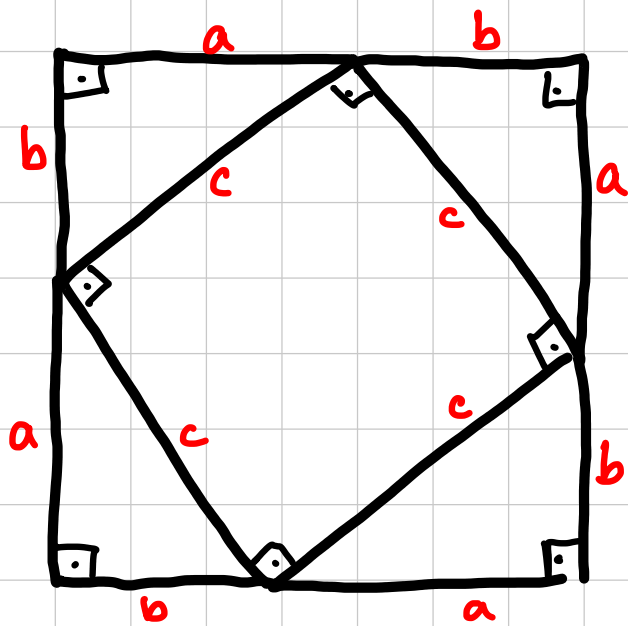


# PROOFS OF THE PYTHAGOREAN THEOREM



$$\text{AREA OF BIG SQUARE} = (a+b)^2$$

$$\text{AREA OF ALL ELEMENTS} = 4 \triangle + \square$$

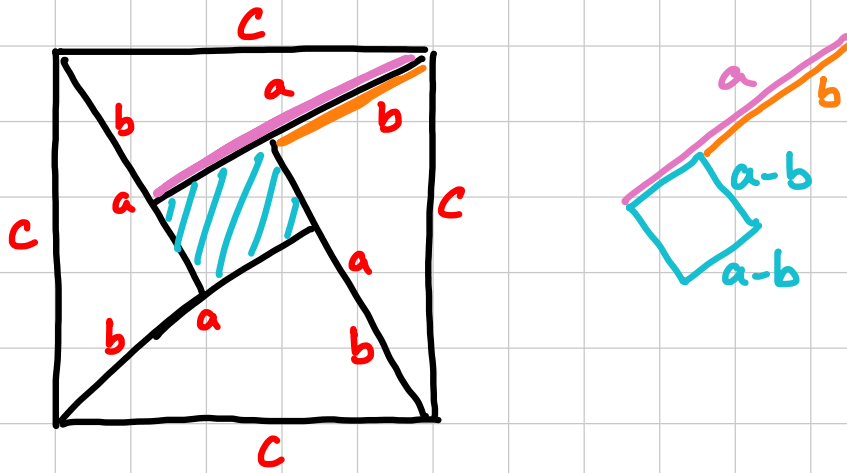
$$= \frac{4ab}{2} + c^2 = 2ab + c^2$$

THEREFORE :

$$(a+b)^2 = 2ab + c^2$$

$$a^2 + \cancel{2ab} + c^2 = \cancel{2ab} + c^2$$

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$



AREA OF BIG TRIANGLE =  $c^2$

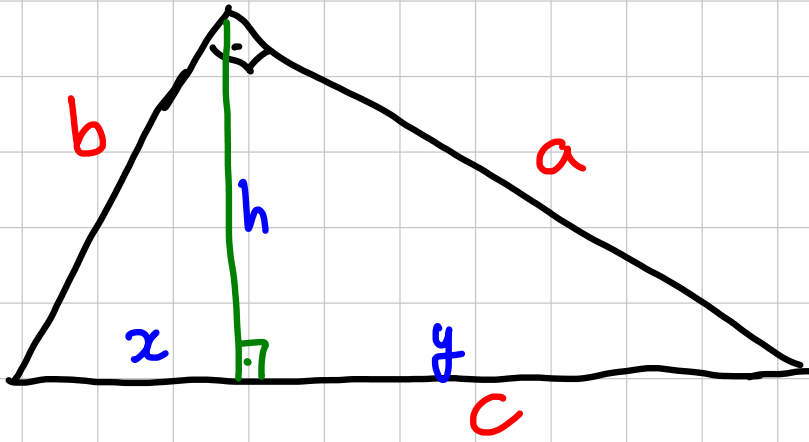
AREA OF ALL OTHER ELEMENTS =  $4 \times \frac{1}{2} ab + (a-b)^2$

$$= 2ab + (a-b)^2$$

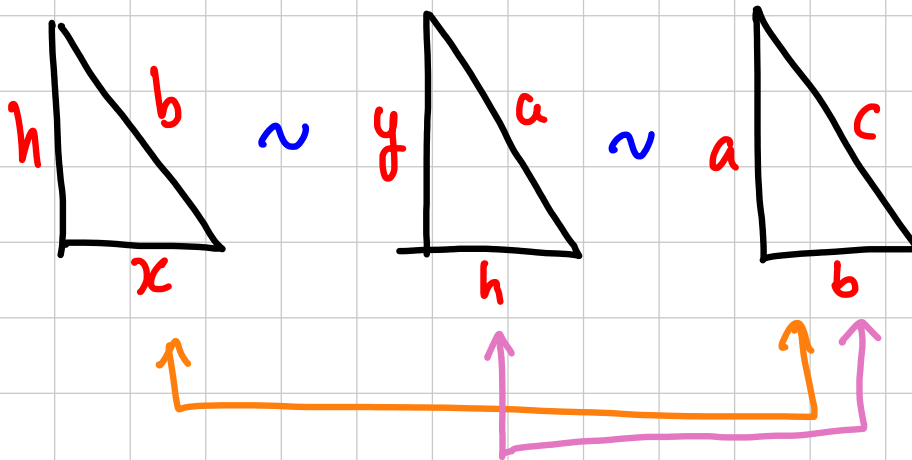
$$= 2ab + a^2 - 2ab + b^2$$

THEREFORE :

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$



WE HAVE 3 SIMILAR TRIANGLES:



$$\frac{x}{b} = \frac{b}{c} \rightarrow x = \frac{b^2}{c}$$

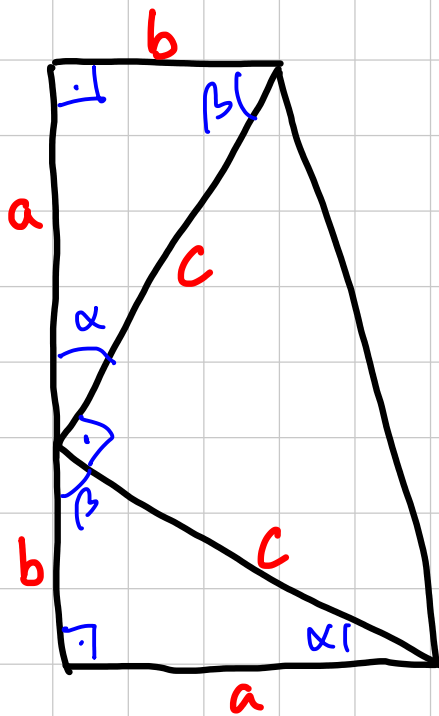
$$\frac{y}{a} = \frac{a}{c} \rightarrow y = \frac{a^2}{c}$$

WE KNOW THAT  $\rightarrow x + y = c$   
THEREFORE



$$\frac{b^2}{c} + \frac{a^2}{c} = c$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{a^2 + b^2 = c^2}$$



WE MAKE A COPY OF THE  
TOP TRIANGLE AND PUT IT  
ON THE BOTTOM



WE THEN CONNECT THE POINTS  
ON THE RIGHT

MEAN OF TOP  
AND BOTTOM  
HEIGHT

AREA OF TRAPEZE:

$$\frac{(a+b) \cdot (a+b)}{2}$$

AREA OF ALL  
ELEMENTS :

$$2 \frac{a \cdot b}{2} + \frac{c^2}{2}$$

THEREFORE:

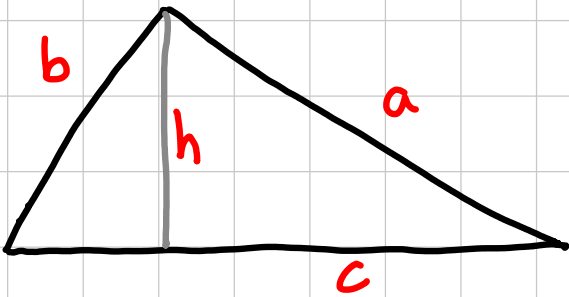
$$\frac{(a+b)^2}{2} = \frac{2ab}{2} + \frac{c^2}{2}$$

$$a^2 + 2ab + b^2 = 2ab + c^2$$

$$\boxed{a^2 + b^2 = c^2}$$

PROOF BY  
JAMES GARFIELD

# INVERSE PYTHAGORAS



AREA OF BIG TRIANGLE:

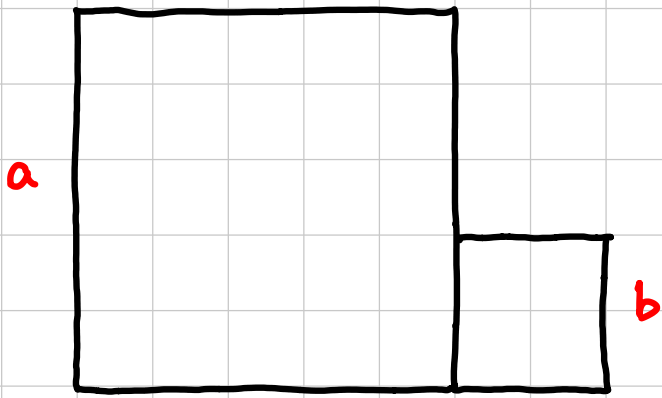
$$\frac{a \cdot b}{2} = \frac{c \cdot h}{2} \xrightarrow{\text{SQUARE}} a^2 b^2 = c^2 h^2$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{c^2}{a^2 b^2} = \frac{1}{h^2} \xrightarrow{\text{USE } c^2 = a^2 + b^2} \frac{a^2 + b^2}{a^2 b^2} = \frac{1}{h^2}$$

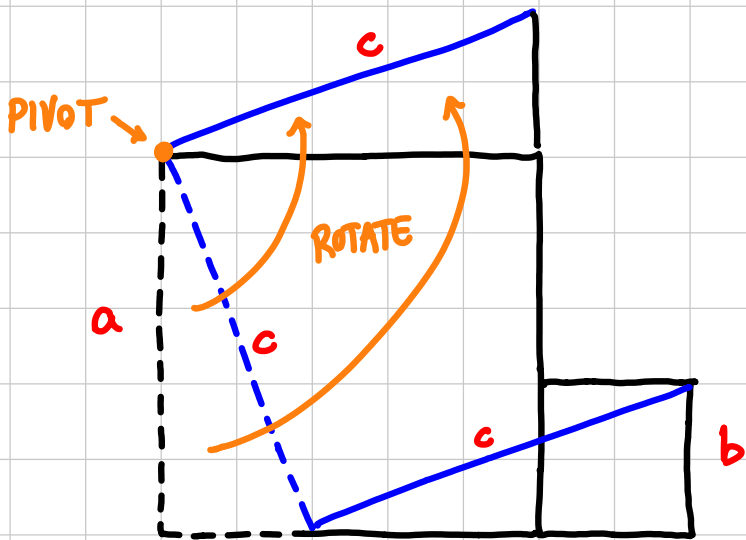
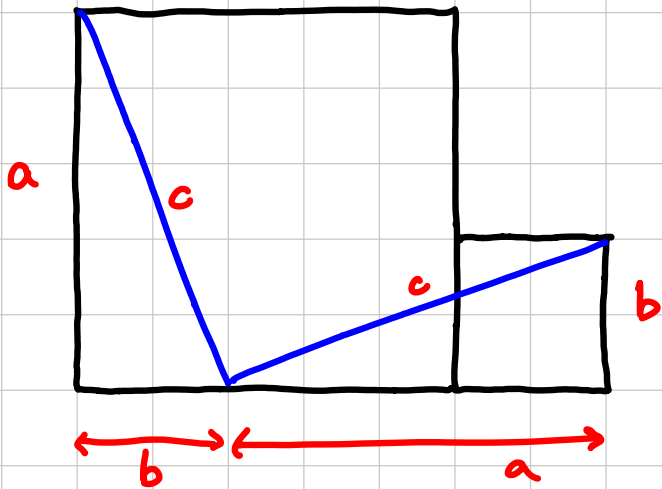
$$\rightarrow \frac{a^2}{a^2 b^2} + \frac{b^2}{a^2 b^2} = \frac{1}{h^2} \rightarrow \frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{1}{b^2} = \frac{1}{h^2}$$

FINALLY:

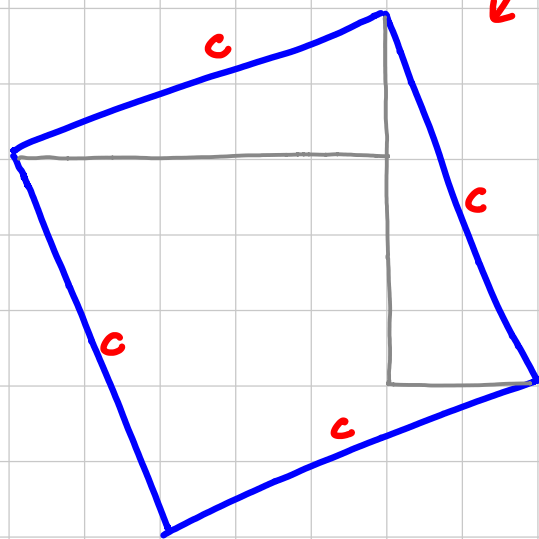
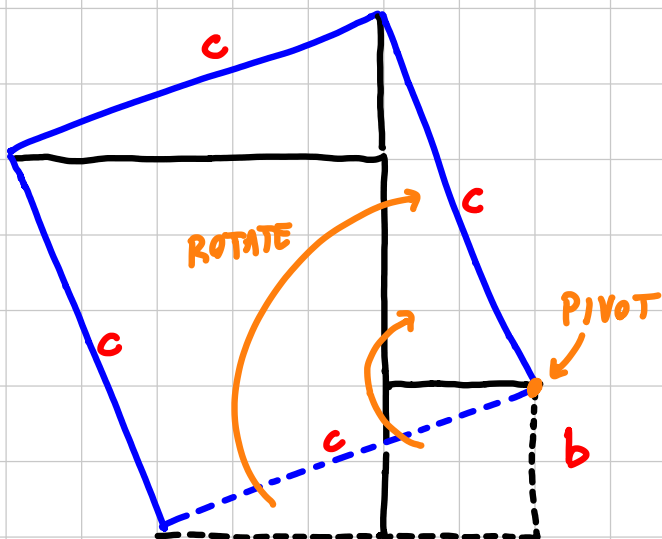
$$\boxed{a^{-2} + b^{-2} = h^{-2}}$$

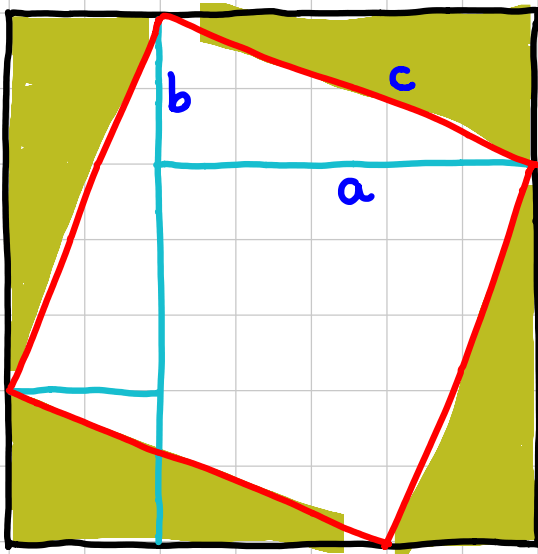


$$\text{AREA} = a^2 + b^2$$

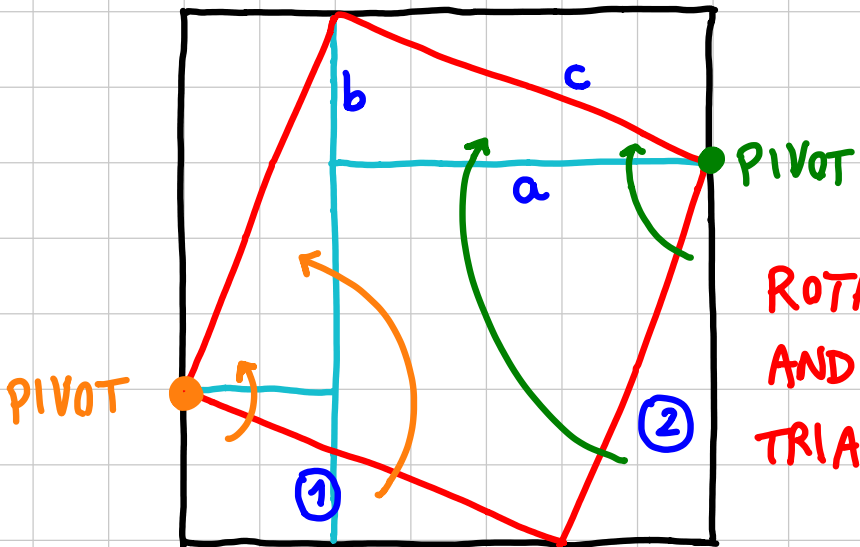


$$\text{AREA} = c^2$$

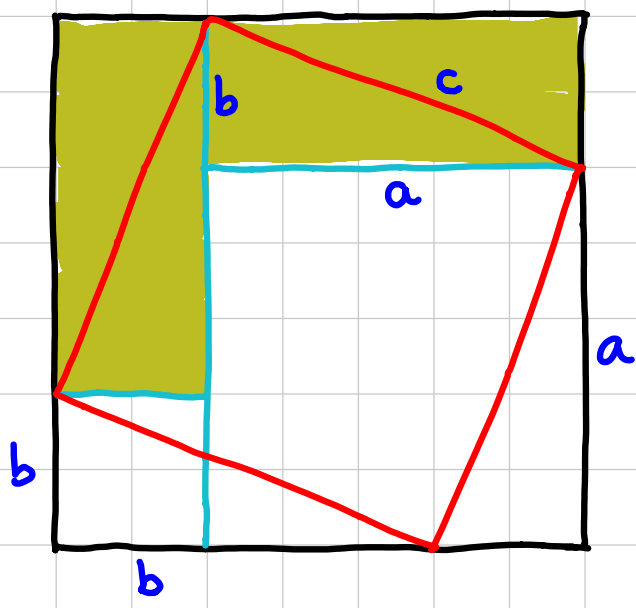




AREA IN WHITE =  $c^2$

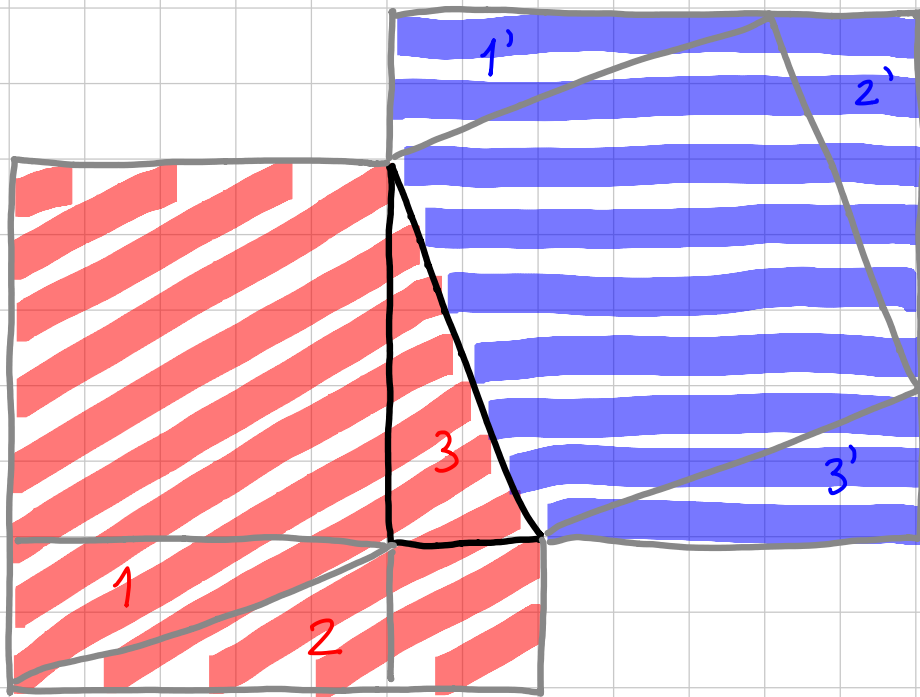


ROTATE BOTTOM LEFT ①  
AND BOTTOM RIGHT ②  
TRIANGLES

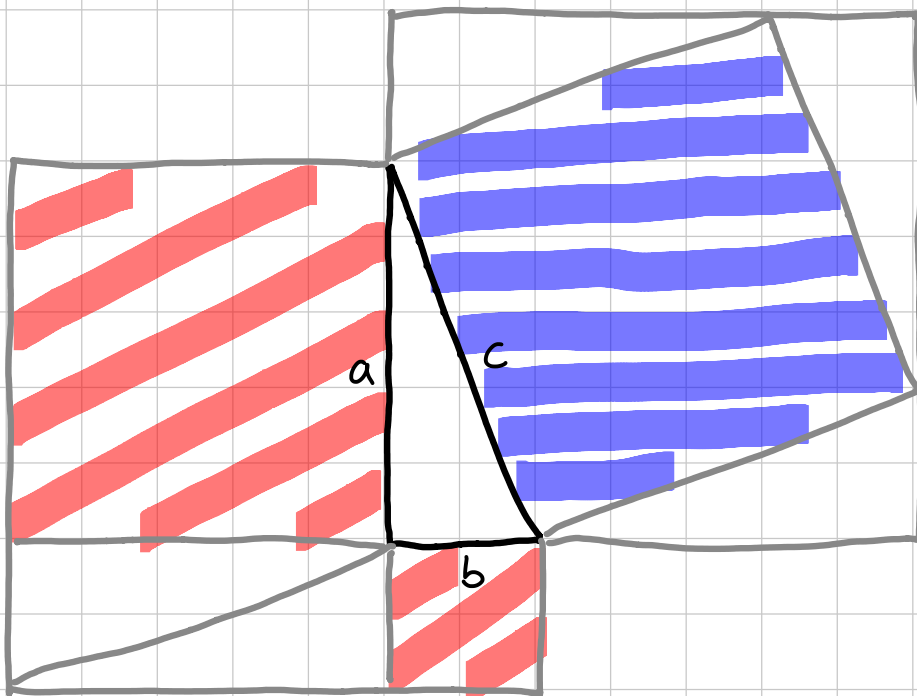


AREA IN WHITE =  $a^2 + b^2$





THESE TWO PENTAGONAL SHAPES (RED AND BLUE) ARE IDENTICAL, THEREFORE THEY HAVE THE SAME AREA. REMOVE THE RED TRIANGLES (1, 2, 3) AND THE IDENTICAL BLUE TRIANGLES (1', 2', 3'). FINALLY :



$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$